

Common 1 BINGS of Singapore



There are over 390 species of birds in Singapore. Here are a few common species that can be found in urban areas.



Olive-backed Sunbird (Male)

(Cinnyris jugularis)



Olive-backed Sunbird (Female)

(Cinnyris jugularis)

This nectar feeder is often found building nests in roadside greenery, such as Bougainvillea shrubs.



Black-naped Oriole

(Oriolus chinensis)

The Black-naped Oriole often forages for fruit in tall trees. Its nest can be seen hanging from branches in the canopy of the trees.



Eurasian Tree Sparrow

(Passer montaus)

The Eurasian Tree Sparrow is often seen near human dwellings, where it forages on leftovers and nests in the eaves of buildings.



Asian Glossy Starling

(Aplonis panayensis)

The Asian Glossy Starling often gathers in large flocks. It feeds on fruit and small insects.



Asian Koel (Male)

(Eudynamys scolopaceus)



Asian Koel (Female)

(Eudynamys scolopaceus)

The Asian Koel leaves its eggs in the nests of crows and other birds, tricking them into raising its young. The male has a distinctive call that sounds like its name.



Zebra Dove

(Geopelia striata)

The Zebra Dove often forages on the ground in search of grass seeds and other wildflower seeds.



Collared Kingfisher

(Todiramphus chloris)

Usually found near water bodies, this bird has adapted to living in urban areas far from water. It makes a loud call from the crowns of roadside trees.



Yellow-vented Bulbul

(Pycnonotus goiavier)

The Yellow-vented Bulbul feeds on a variety of fruit and small animals. It has a distinctive bubbly song.



Pink-necked Green Pigeon (Male)

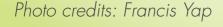
(Treron vernans)



Pink-necked Green Pigeon (Female)

(Treron vernans)

This attractive pigeon often perches in the canopy of roadside trees. It mainly feeds on fruit and helps disperse the seeds of many tree species.





- \bullet The best times to bird-watch are 7.30 am 9.30 am and 4 pm 6 pm.
- To avoid scaring the birds, keep your volume low and keep a distance from them.
- Refrain from handling birds and eggs.
- Avoid feeding the birds.

Visit www.nparks.gov.sg/cin to play a part in conserving our natural heritage.



Use the SGBioAtlas app to help you identify common species. The app is available for Apple devices (iPhone and iPad) on the App Store, and Android devices on the Google Play Store.













