# Financial Statements

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# Statement by National Parks Board

In our opinion,

- (a) the accompanying financial statements of National Parks Board ("NParks") and its subsidiary (the "Group"), set out on pages 60 to 84 are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the National Parks Board Act, Chapter 198A (the "Act") and Statutory Board Financial Reporting Standards ("SB-FRS") so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the state of affairs of the Group and NParks as at 31 March 2012, and of the results, changes in equity of the Group and NParks and cash flows of the Group for the financial year ended on that date;
- (b) proper accounting and other records, required by the Act to be kept by NParks, have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act; and
- (c) the receipt, expenditure, investments of moneys and the acquisition and disposal of assets by NParks during the financial year have been in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

On behalf of the National Parks Board and its subsidiary

Mrs Christina Ong Chairman

Poon Hong Yuen Chief Executive Officer

Singapore Date: 24 July 2012

# Independent Auditors' Report To the Members of The Board of National Parks Board

#### Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of National Parks Board ("NParks") and its subsidiary (the "Group") which comprise the statements of financial position of the Group and NParks as at 31 March 2012, the statements of comprehensive income and statements of changes in equity of the Group and NParks and the consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, as set out on pages 60 to 84.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the National Parks Board Act, Chapter 198A (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards ("SB-FRS"), and for such internal controls as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income of NParks are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SB-FRS so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the state of affairs of the Group and NParks as at 31 March 2012, and the results and changes in equity of the Group and NParks, and cash flows of the Group for the year ended on that date.

#### Other matters

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income of NParks for the year ended 31 March 2011 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 20 July 2011.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

#### Management's responsibility for compliance with legal and regulatory requirements

Management is responsible for ensuring that the receipts, expenditure, investment of moneys and the acquisition and disposal of assets, are in accordance with the provisions of the Act. This responsibility includes implementing accounting and internal controls as management determines are necessary to enable compliance with the provisions of the Act.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's compliance based on our audit of the financial statements. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. We planned and performed the compliance audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the receipts, expenditure, investment of moneys and the acquisition and disposal of assets, are in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Our compliance audit includes obtaining an understanding of the internal controls relevant to the receipts, expenditure, investment of moneys and the acquisition and disposal of assets; and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements from non-compliance, if any, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. Because of the inherent limitations in any accounting and internal control system, non-compliances may nevertheless occur and not be detected. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on management's compliance.

#### Opinion

In our opinion:

- a) the receipts, expenditure, investment of moneys and the acquisition and disposal of assets by NParks during the year are, in all material respects, in accordance with the provisions of the Act; and
- b) proper accounting and other records have been kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Public Accountants and

Certified Public Accountants

Delath + Torobe LLP

Singapore

Date: 24 July 2012

# **Statement of Financial Position**

### As at 31 March 2012

	Group			NParks	
	Note	2011/2012	2010/2011	2011/2012	2010/2011
Assets		\$	\$	\$	\$
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	6	156,689,542	213,282,883	156,378,085	213,177,384
Trade receivables	7	2,791,662	3,368,600	2,706,121	3,240,220
Other receivables	8	57,914,950	6,856,047	57,913,350	6,854,447
Inventories		6,519	25,017	6,519	25,017
Total current assets		217,402,673	223,532,547	217,004,075	223,297,068
Non-current assets					
Trade receivables	7	1,680,000	1,680,000	1,680,000	1,680,000
Property, plant and equipment	10	132,567,296	139,406,223	132,567,296	139,406,223
Investments in subsidiary	9	-	-	2	2
Total non-current assets	,	134,247,296	141,086,223	134,247,298	141,086,225
Total assets		351,649,969	364,618,770	351,251,373	364,383,293
Liabilities and equity					
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	12	54,906,940	62,800,246	54,889,604	62,786,082
Provision for pension costs	13	504,654	70,000	504,654	70,000
Government grants	11	24,478,892	48,803,540	24,478,892	48,803,540
Deferred revenue	14	83,333	250,604	83,333	250,604
Contribution to consolidated fund	15	5,684,945	6,117,121	5,684,945	6,117,121
Total current liabilities		85,658,764	118,041,511	85,641,428	118,027,347
Non-current liabilities					
Deferred capital grants	16	132,567,284	139,406,207	132,567,284	139,406,207
Deferred revenue	14	3,663,945	3,395,278	3,663,945	3,395,278
Provision for pension costs	13	6,087,726	6,197,380	6,087,726	6,197,380
Total non-current liabilities		142,318,955	148,998,865	142,318,955	148,998,865
Capital and other funds					
Capital account	17	4,528,275	4,528,275	4,528,275	4,528,275
Share capital	18	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Accumulated surplus	10	89,314,593	67,137,750	88,933,333	66,916,437
Sinking fund	19	29,828,382	25,911,369	29,828,382	25,911,369
Total capital and other funds	17	123,672,250	97,578,394	123,290,990	97,357,081
Total liabilities and equity		351,649,969	364,618,770	351,251,373	364,383,293
Net assets of Garden City Fund	20	16,516,478	10,999,013	16,516,478	10,999,013
Net assets of National Productivity Fund	21	562,502	_	562,502	_

# Statement of Comprehensive Income Year ended 31 March 2012

			oup	NParks	
	Note	2011/2012	2010/2011	2011/2012	2010/2011
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Operating income					
Rental income		6,551,680	6,264,380	6,551,680	6,264,380
Admission charges		3,052,099	2,382,893	3,052,099	2,382,893
Plan fees		1,059,400	_	1,059,400	_
Fines and forfeitures		1,132,116	3,497,315	1,132,116	3,497,315
Agency fees		1,106,306	727,796	1,106,306	727,796
Interest income		986,668	439,737	986,668	439,737
Miscellaneous income	22	6,219,310	5,874,554	6,025,244	5,757,739
		20,107,579	19,186,675	19,913,513	19,069,860
Operating expenditure					
Staff costs	23	(68,170,454)	(68,735,977)	(68,170,454)	(68,735,977)
Maintenance and improvements of parks		(61,556,759)	(65,504,376)	(61,556,759)	(65,504,376)
General and administrative expenses		(29,109,629)	(29,782,342)	(29,075,510)	(29,766,180)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	10	(10,972,961)	(10,831,543)	(10,972,961)	(10,831,543)
Deficit from operations	24	(149,702,224)	(155,667,563)	(149,862,171)	(155,768,216)
Government operating grants	11	169,630,291	176,825,089	169,630,291	176,825,089
Other grants:					
<ul><li>government agencies</li></ul>	11	2,413,779	3,768,524	2,413,779	3,768,524
- non-government		_	173,262	_	173,262
Deferred capital grants amortised	16	11,258,955	10,984,407	11,258,955	10,984,407
Surplus before contribution to consolidated fund		33,600,801	36,083,719	33,440,854	35,983,066
Contribution to consolidated fund	15	(5,684,945)	(6,117,121)	(5,684,945)	(6,117,121)
Surplus representing total comprehensive income for the year	r	27,915,856	29,966,598	27,755,909	29,865,945

# Statement of Changes in Equity Year ended 31 March 2012

Group	Capital account	Share capital	Accumulated surplus	Sinking fund S	Total \$
At 1 April 2010	4,528,275	1,000	46,507,241	16,575,280	67,611,796
Net surplus for the year, representing total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	29,966,598	-	29,966,598
Transfer from accumulated surplus to sinking fund (Note 19)	_	_	(9,336,089)	9,336,089	
At 31 March 2011	4,528,275	1,000	67,137,750	25,911,369	97,578,394
Net surplus for the year, representing total comprehensive income for the year Transfer from accumulated surplus to	-	-	27,915,856	-	27,915,856
sinking fund (Note 19)	_	_	(3,917,013)	3,917,013	_
Dividends (Note 25)	_	_	(1,822,000)	_	(1,822,000)
At 31 March 2012	4,528,275	1,000	89,314,593	29,828,382	123,672,250
NParks					
At 1 April 2010	4,528,275	1,000	46,386,581	16,575,280	67,491,136
Net surplus for the year, representing total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	29,865,945	-	29,865,945
Transfer from accumulated surplus to sinking fund (Note 19)	_	_	(9,336,089)	9,336,089	
At 31 March 2011 Net surplus for the year, representing	4,528,275	1,000	66,916,437	25,911,369	97,357,081
total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	27,755,909	_	27,755,909
Transfer from accumulated surplus to sinking fund (Note 19)			(3,917,013)	3,917,013	
Dividends (Note 25)	_	_	(1,822,000)	5,717,013	(1,822,000)
At 31 March 2012	4,528,275	1,000	88,933,333	29,828,382	123,290,990

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

### Year ended 31 March 2012

	2011/2012 \$	2010/2011 \$
Operating activities		
Deficit before contribution to consolidated fund	(149,702,224)	(155,667,563)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	10,972,961	10,831,543
(Gain) Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(155,356)	66,058
Defined benefits obligations	325,000	(532,620)
Amortisation of lease premium received in advance	(83,333)	(83,333)
Interest income	(986,668)	(439,737)
Operating cash flow before movement in working capital	(139,629,620)	(145,825,652)
Inventories	18,498	(25,017)
Trade and other receivables	(6,744,967)	35,629
Trade and other payables	(8,684,572)	(5,068,935)
Deferred revenue	352,000	_
Amounts due from MND	(1,065,727)	36,405,518
Amounts due from Garden City Fund	(165,560)	258,879
Amounts due from other government agencies	(18,269,629)	(1,714,929)
Cash used in operating activities	(174,189,577)	(115,934,507)
Contribution to consolidated fund paid	(6,117,121)	(6,761,453)
Cash flows used in operating activities	(180,306,698)	(122,695,960)
Investing activities		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	441,354	2,636
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(4,420,032)	(3,143,595)
Interest received	936,215	327,763
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,042,463)	(2,813,196)
Financing activities		
Grants received	128,577,820	198,709,225
Dividends paid	(1,822,000)	_
Net cash from financing activities	126,755,820	198,709,225
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(56,593,341)	73,200,069
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	213,282,883	140,082,814
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (Note 6)	156,689,542	213,282,883

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#### 1 General

National Parks Board ("NParks") is a statutory board under the Ministry of National Development ("MND") established under the National Parks Board Act (Chapter 198A).

The Board has its registered office at Singapore Botanic Gardens, 1 Cluny Road, Singapore 259569.

The primary activities of NParks are to develop, manage and promote the National Parks and Nature Reserves as valuable reserves for recreation, conservation, research and education and to develop, upgrade, manage and maintain the public parks, open spaces on behalf of the Government.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

The principal activities of the subsidiary are described in Note 9 to the financial statements.

The financial statements of NParks for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 were authorised for issue by members of the Board on 24 July 2012.

#### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of accounting and adoption of new and revised standards – The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost basis, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below, and are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Act, and Statutory Board Financial Reporting Standards ("SB-FRS"), including INT SB-FRS and Guidance Notes.

In the current financial year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised SB-FRSs, INT SB-FRS and SB-FRS Guidance Notes that are relevant to its operations and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2011. The adoption of these new/revised SB-FRSs, INT SB-FRSs and SB-FRS Guidance Notes does not result in changes to the Group's accounting policies and has no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior years except as disclosed below:

#### SB-FRS 24 (Revised) Related Party Disclosures

SB-FRS 24 (Revised) Related Party Disclosures is effective for the Group with effect from 1 April 2011. The revised standard clarifies the definition of a related party and consequently additional parties may be identified as related to the Group.

The Group was previously exempted from disclosure of transactions and outstanding balances with other state-controlled entities under the previous SB-FRS 24 Related Party Disclosures. During the financial year, with the revised standard, the changes to related party disclosures has been applied retrospectively with restatement of the comparative information as set out in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Management has considered and is of the view that the adoption of the SB-FRSs, INT SB-FRSs and Amendments to SB-FRSs that were issued at the date of authorisation of these financial statements but not effective until future periods will have no material impact on the financial statements in the period of their initial adoption.

Basis of consolidation – The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of NParks and entities (including special purpose entities) controlled by NParks (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where NParks has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of the subsidiary to bring its accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

In NParks's financial statements, investment in subsidiary is carried at cost less any impairment in net recoverable value that has been recognised in income or expenditure.

Financial instruments – Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the Group's statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income of expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premium or discounts) through the expected life of the financial instrument, or where appropriate, a shorter period. Income and expenses are recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

#### Financial assets

#### Loans and receivables

Trade and other receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest method, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been impacted.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in income or expense.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through income or expense to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment loss not been recognised.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of significant direct issue costs.

#### Financial liabilities

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured amortised cost, using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group recognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

Leases – Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which use benefit derived from the leased asset is diminished. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### The Group as lessee

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to income or expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

Inventories – Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on the first-in first-out method, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

Property, plant and equipment – Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method on the following bases:

Leasehold land – Over the lease periods of 87 to 93 years

Buildings, structures, capital and other improvements – 20 years

Office equipment, furniture and fittings – 5 to 10 years

Laboratory and gardening equipment – 7 years

Motor vehicles – 8 to 10 years

Construction-in-progress included in property, plant and equipment is not depreciated as these assets are not available for use. Fully depreciated assets still in use are retained in the financial statements.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at the end of each reporting period with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in the income or expense in the year the asset is derecognised.

Impairment of non-financial assets – At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately as an expense.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately as income.

Provisions – Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Government grants – Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the statement of financial position and transferred to income or expenditure on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Other government grants are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the costs for which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in income or expenses in the period in which they become receivable.

The value of land at the Singapore Botanic Gardens and the Fort Canning Park that vested in NParks when it was established in June 1990 was taken to the deferred capital grants account. The value of all other assets net of liabilities transferred from the former Parks and Recreation Department of Ministry of National Development (PRD) to NParks in June 1990 and July 1996 amounting to \$4,528,275 was taken to the capital account.

Trust and agency funds – Trust and agency funds are set up to account for funds held in trust where NParks is not the owner and beneficiary of the funds received from the Government and other organisations. The receipts and expenditure in respect of agency funds are taken directly to the funds accounts and the net assets relating to the funds are shown as a separate line item in the statement of financial position. Trust and agency funds are accounted for on the accrual basis.

NParks administers the funds on behalf of the holders of these funds. Upon dissolution of these funds, the remaining moneys in these funds shall be returned to the owners of the funds.

Revenue recognition – Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to NParks and the revenue can be reliably measured.

#### Rental income

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in surplus or deficit on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

#### Admission charges

Admission charges are recognised upon the sale of admission tickets to visitors.

#### Fines and forfeitures

Fines and forfeitures are recognised on the issuance of the notice of offence to offenders.

#### Agency fees

Where it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be reliably measured, agency fees are recognised over the period in which the services are completed.

#### Plan fees

Plan fees are recognized over the period in which services are completed.

#### Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

#### Miscellaneous income

Miscellaneous income comprising income derived from consultancy fees, sale of publications, souvenirs and orchid plantlets, course fees, and park usage and barbeque permit fees are recognised in the period in which they are earned. Liquidated damages are recognised as income when the right to claim such liquidated damages from contractors are established. Fines collected from contractors whose work resulted in damage to trees and plants are recognised upon issuance of the notice of offence.

Retirement benefits costs – Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are charged as an expense as they fall due. Payments made to state-managed retirement benefit schemes, such as the Singapore Central Provident Fund, are dealt with as payments to defined contribution plans where the Group's obligations under the plans are equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution retirement benefit plan.

Defined benefit retirement obligations due to pensionable officers are recognised in the statement of financial position in accordance with the Pensions Act (Cap. 225, 2004 Revised Edition). Provision for pension costs for eligible retired employees is estimated by management based on the most recent valuation performed once every three years by professional actuaries. For pension costs, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit ("PUC") actuarial method. Under the PUC method, a "projected accrued benefit" is calculated for each benefit. For all active members of the scheme, the "projected accrual benefit" is based on the scheme's accrual formula and upon service as of the valuation date, but using the employee's scheme salary, projected to the age at which the employee is assumed to leave active service. For inactive members, it is the total benefit. The defined benefit obligation/project benefit obligation/plan liability is the discounted present value of the "projected accrued benefits". The service cost is the corresponding value of benefits earned by active members over the year as a result of one more year of service. Any actuarial gain or loss arising from the valuation of pension provision is immediately recognised in income or expenditure under staff costs.

Employee leave entitlement – Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Contribution to consolidated fund – Under Section 13(1)(e) and the First Schedule of the Singapore Income Tax Act, Chapter 134, the income of the Group is exempt from income tax.

In lieu of income tax, NParks is required to make contribution to the Government Consolidated Fund in accordance with the Statutory Corporations (Contributions to Consolidated Fund) Act, Chapter 319A. The provision is based on the guidelines specified by the Ministry of Finance. It is computed based on the net surplus of the Group for each of the financial year at the prevailing corporate tax rate for the Year of Assessment. Contribution to consolidated fund is provided for on an accrual basis.

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows – Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and demand deposits that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 3 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The Group did not make any material judgements that have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below:

#### Depreciation of and impairment loss on property, plant and equipment

The cost of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives. The Group estimates the useful lives of these property, plant and equipment to be within 5 to 93 years, based on the estimated useful lives of the assets. The carrying amounts are disclosed in Note 10 of the financial statements. Changes in the expected level of usage, technological developments and economic conditions could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore future depreciation charges could be revised.

Impairment losses would be made for property, plant and equipment whenever there is objective evidence that the assets are impaired. The required level of impairment losses to be made is estimated by reference to the estimated value in use or price quotations from independent third parties.

#### Impairment loss on trade receivables

The Group evaluates whether there is any objective evidence that trade receivables are impaired and determines the amount of impairment loss as a result of the inability of the debtors to make required payments. The Group bases the estimates on the ageing of the trade receivables balance, credit-worthiness of the debtors and historical write-off experience. If the financial conditions of the debtors were to deteriorates, actual write-offs would be higher than estimated.

#### Valuation of defined benefits obligations

The Group and the Singapore Government jointly finance the payment of gratuity, pension or allowance to pensionable officers at their retirement. The split of pension costs is determined based on the accumulated pensionable emoluments earned by the pensionable employee while he was in the government services as compared with his service with the Group up to his retirement.

The valuation of the defined benefits obligations is determined using the projected unit credit method. The most recent full actuarial valuation of the defined benefits obligations was carried out as at 1 April 2010 and this has been updated on an approximate basis to 31 March 2013.

The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the valuation are those relating to discount rate, future salary increase rate, pre-retirement mortality and historical average annual salary increase rate. The assumptions used by the actuary are the best estimates chosen from a range of possible actuarial assumptions, which due to the timescale covered, may not necessary borne out in practice. The present value of the liabilities is derived from cash flows projections over long periods and is inherently uncertain.

#### 4 Financial instruments, financial risks and capital risks management

#### (a) Categories of financial instruments

The following table sets out the financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period:

	Group		NParks	
	2011/2012	2010/2011	2011/2012	2010/2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets				
Loans and receivables (including cash				
and cash equivalent)	215,193,446	224,686,627	214,796,198	224,452,498
Financial liabilities				
At amortised cost	54,906,940	62,800,246	54,889,604	62,786,082

#### (b) Financial risk management policies and objectives

The Group is exposed to financial risk arising from its operations which include interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group has written policies and guidelines, which set out its general risk management framework as discussed below

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

#### (i) Interest rate risk management

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates relates primarily to fixed deposits and non-current trade receivables. Surplus funds in NParks are placed with Accountant-General's Department (AGD) as disclosed in Note 6. These deposits are with short-term maturities and there are no other significant interest-earning assets (except for a non-current trade receivable with fixed interest rate as disclosed in Note 7) or interest-bearing liabilities as at the end of the reporting period.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis has not been presented as management does not expect any reasonable possible changes in interest rates to have a significant impact on the Group's operations and cash flows. The Group does not have any interest-bearing financial liabilities.

#### (ii) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group.

Credit risks, or the risk of counterparties defaulting, are controlled by the application of regular monitoring procedures. Except for receivables due from MND and other government agencies, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The extent of the Group's credit exposure is represented by the aggregate balance of financial assets at the end of each reporting period.

#### (iii) Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk arises in the general funding of the Group's operating activities. It includes the risks of not being able to fund operating activities in a timely manner. To manage liquidity risk, the Group places majority of its surplus funds with the Accountant-General's Department which are readily available where required.

#### (iv) Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

The carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities as reported in the financial statements approximate their respective fair values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

#### (c) Capital risk management policies and objectives

The Group manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while fulfilling its objective as a statutory board.

The capital structure of the Group consists of accumulated surplus, capital account, sinking fund and share capital. The overall strategy of the Group remains unchanged from the previous financial year.

#### 5 Related party transactions

Some of the Group's transactions and arrangements are with related parties and the effect of these on the basis determined between the parties is reflected in these financial statements. The balances are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand unless otherwise stated.

The Group and NParks entered into the following significant transactions with its parent Ministry, MND, and other related parties during the year:

	Group and NParks		
	2011/2012	2010/2011	
	\$	\$	
MND			
Services and expenses paid	148,070	20,482	
Expenses paid on behalf	535,642	433,359	
Services rendered	14,188	2,094	
Revenue collected on behalf	22,787,761	18,487,164	
Development expenditure paid on behalf			
– Gardens by the Bay	_	141,808,029	
- Other state projects	44,148,190	50,906,567	
Grants received/receivable	190,987,537	179,427,014	

	Group and NParks	
	2011/2012	2010/2011
	\$	\$
Other Ministries and Statutory Boards		
Services and expenses paid to other ministries	45,510	107,833
Services and expenses paid to other statutory boards	6,673,682	5,551,468
Services rendered to other ministries	255,564	470,823
Services rendered to other statutory boards	251,004	178,871
Expenses paid on behalf of other ministries	142,504	51,914
Expenses paid on behalf of other statutory boards	6,541,174	5,770,296
Development expenditure paid on behalf of other statutory boards		
– Gardens by the Bay	272,630,417	152,804,191
- Other projects	6,930,591	601,218
Computer and IT related expenses	3,453,511	1,488,901
Minimum lease payments under operating leases recognized as an expense	149,700	149,700
Garden City Fund		
Expenses paid to Garden City Fund	15,880	24,286
Donations received	_	112,000

#### Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management personnel during the financial year were as follows:

	Group a	nd NParks	
	2011/2012	2010/2011 \$	
Short-term employee benefits	2,260,727	2,297,143	

#### 6 Cash and cash equivalents

	Group		NParks	
	2011/2012	2010/2011	2011/2012	2010/2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash at bank	10,544,250	454,506	10,232,793	349,007
Deposits with AGD (i)	146,145,292	212,620,084	146,145,292	212,620,084
Deposits with banks (ii)	_	208,293	_	208,293
	156,689,542	213,282,883	156,378,085	213,177,384

With effect from financial year 2009/2010, Statutory Boards are to participate in the Centralised Liquidity Management by the AGD under AGD Circular 4/2009. Deposits, which are interest-bearing, are centrally managed by AGD and are available to the statutory board upon request and earns interest at the average rate of 0.66% (2010/2011: 0.56%) per annum.

In the previous financial year, short-term fixed deposits are made for varying periods of up to 1 year depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the average deposit rates of 0.28% per annum. The fixed deposits are easily convertible to cash upon request by the Group.

#### 7 Trade receivables

	Gr	Group		arks
	2011/2012	2010/2011	2011/2012	2010/2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Not past due and not impaired	1,508,045	1,381,053	1,495,630	1,381,053
Past due but not impaired (i):	2,963,617	3,667,547	2,890,491	3,539,167
< 1 months	484,155	1,094,382	484,155	1,094,382
1 months to 4 months	259,841	407,365	186,715	278,985
> 4 months	2,219,621	2,165,800	2,219,621	2,165,800
Impaired receivables	2,345,488	2,302,352	2,345,488	2,302,352
Less: Allowance for impairment	(2,345,488)	(2,302,352)	(2,345,488)	(2,302,352)
Total	4,471,662	5,048,600	4,386,121	4,920,220
Represented by:				
Current portion	2,791,662	3,368,600	2,706,121	3,240,220
Non-current portion	1,680,000	1,680,000	1,680,000	1,680,000
Total	4,471,662	5,048,600	4,386,121	4,920,220

The credit period on rendering of services is 30 days (2010/2011 : 30 days). Other than non-current receivables which interest is charged at 2%, no interest is charged on the trade receivables and no collateral is held by the Group over the trade receivables.

A majority of the Group's receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy counterparties with good track record of credit history. Except for the non-current trade receivables, there are no customers who represent more than 5% of the total balance of trade receivables.

In determining the recoverability of a receivable the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the receivable from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. Credit risk is limited due to management's on-going evaluation of the creditworthiness of the Group's customers and that majority of the Group's trade receivables are within their expected cash collection cycle.

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts:

	Group and NParks		
	2011/2012	2010/2011	
	\$	\$	
Balance at beginning of the year	2,302,352	2,302,352	
Increase in allowance recognized in income or expense	43,136	_	
Balance at end of the year	2,345,488	2,302,352	

No allowance has been made on these receivables as management believes that there has not been significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable.

#### 8 Other receivables

	Group		NParks	
	2011/2012	2010/2011	2011/2012	2010/2011
	<b>.</b>	<b></b>	<b></b>	,
Other receivables				
- MND (i)	28,107,205	2,770,473	28,107,205	2,770,473
<ul> <li>Other government agencies (ii)</li> </ul>	19,993,072	1,723,443	19,993,072	1,723,443
– Garden City Fund (ii)	189,999	2,454	189,999	2,454
– Other receivables	3,450,782	406,603	3,450,782	406,603
Interest receivable	442,089	498,997	442,089	498,997
Prepayments	3,882,708	500,903	3,881,358	499,553
Deposits	1,849,095	953,174	1,848,845	952,924
	57,914,950	6,856,047	57,913,350	6,854,447

#### Notes

#### 9 Investment in subsidiary

	2011/2012 \$	2010/2011 \$
Unquoted equity investment, at cost	2	2
Onquoied equity investment, di cost	L	

Details of the subsidiary are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Principal activities	Place of incorporation and business	Equity in 2011/2012 %	terest held 2010/2011 %
Singapore Garden City Pte. Ltd. (a)	Landscape planning, advisory services and business consulting services	Singapore	100	100

<sup>(</sup>a) Audited by RSM Chio Lim LLP.

Receivables from Ministry of National Development comprise of direct development grants receivable by NParks. These amounts are unsecured and interest-free, and are repayable on demand.

Non-trade amounts due from other government agencies and Garden City Fund are unsecured and interest-free, and are repayable on demand.

#### 10 Property, plant and equipment

	Leasehold land	Building, structures, capital and other improvements	Office equipment, furniture and fittings	Motor vehicle	Laboratory and gardening equipment	Construction- in-progress	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Group and NParks							
Cost:							
At 1 April 2010	60,935,129	148,087,007	32,997,389	1,746,846	844,908	107,241	244,718,520
Additions	566,300	249,290	692,313	37,700	60,060	1,537,932	3,143,595
Transfers	_	307,943	645,568	_	_	(953,511)	_
Disposal/Write-off	_	(124,400)	(1,117,756)	(19,800)	(31,056)	_	(1,293,012)
At 31 March 2011	61,501,429	148,519,840	33,217,514	1,764,746	873,912	691,662	246,569,103
Additions	-	200,000	1,288,270	101,500	116,149	2,714,113	4,420,032
Transfer	-	529,155	903,583	_	_	(1,432,738)	_
Disposal/Write-off	-	_	(4,683,842)	(51,389)	(46,739)	-	(4,781,970)
At 31 March 2012	61,501,429	149,248,995	30,725,525	1,814,857	943,322	1,973,037	246,207,165
Accumulated depreciation:							
At 1 April 2010	9,139,579	64,781,781	22,023,594	1,029,998	580,703	_	97,555,655
Depreciation	7,137,577	7,385,623	2,478,772	178,402	74,212		10,831,543
Disposal/Write-off	714,304	(123,881)	(1,050,230)	(19,800)	(30,407)		(1,224,318)
At 31 March 2011	9,854,113	72,043,523	23,452,136	1,188,600	624,508	_	107,162,880
Depreciation	731,695	7,344,143	2,638,491	175,794	82,838	_	107,102,000
Disposal/Write-off	701,075	7,077,170	(4,400,024)	(49,209)	(46,739)	_	(4,495,972)
At 31 March 2012	10,585,808	79,387,666	21,690,603	1,315,185	660,607		113,639,869
7.1.01 77.01011 2012	10,505,000	77,007,000	21,070,000	1,013,103	000,007		110,007,007
Carrying amount:							
At 31 March 2012	50,915,621	69,861,329	9,034,922	499,672	282,715	1,973,037	132,567,296
	00,,021	0.700.7027	.,00.,.22	,012	202/110	.,,	
At 31 March 2011	51,647,316	76,476,317	9,765,378	576,146	249,404	691,662	139,406,223

#### 11 Government grants

	Operating grants <sup>(1)</sup> \$	Capital grants \$	Development grants (iii) \$	Other grants <sup>(ii)</sup> \$	Total \$
Group and NParks					
At 1 April 2010	7,148,651	710,102	24,860,985	1,052,097	33,771,835
Grants received during the financial year	179,075,994	351,020	361,917,301	3,311,653	544,655,968
Interest income (returned) earned	_	11,017	314,880	_	325,897
Transfer to deferred capital grants (Note 16)	(2,386,858)	(589,827)	(257,045)	(2,812)	(3,236,542)
Payment on behalf	_	_	(346,120,005)	_	(346,120,005)
Transfer to statement of comprehensive income	(176,825,089)	_	_	(3,768,524)	(180,593,613)
At 31 March 2011	7,012,698	482,312	40,716,116	592,414	48,803,540
Grants received during the financial year	167,106,900	378,913	282,989,151	1,662,959	452,137,923
Grants receivable	23,501,724	_	_	_	23,501,724
Interest income (returned) earned	-	(8,368)	68,278	_	59,910
Transfer to development grant	(16,000,000)	_	16,000,000	_	_
Transfer to deferred capital grants (Note 16)	(3,774,107)	(97,108)	_	(348,817)	(4,220,032)
Payment on behalf	_	(50,905)	(323,709,198)	_	(323,760,103)
Transfer to statement of comprehensive income	(169,630,291)	_	_	(2,413,779)	(172,044,070)
At 31 March 2012	8,216,924	704,844	16,064,347	(507,223)	24,478,892

#### Notes

Total operating grants received/receivable less transferred to deferred capital grants since establishment are \$1,666,724,606 (2010/2011: \$1,479,890,089).

Other grants comprise grants received from other government agencies.

Development grants received from MND and other government agencies for Gardens by the Bay and other development projects.

#### 12 Trade and other payables

	Gr	Group		arks
	2011/2012	2010/2011	2011/2012	2010/2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade payables	6,500,688	8,563,864	6,483,352	8,549,700
Other payables				
- MND (i)	2,647,109	1,877,828	2,647,109	1,877,828
– Garden City Fund (ii)	33,640	11,655	33,640	11,655
– Others	6,735,394	5,251,012	6,735,394	5,251,012
GST payable	1,691,930	4,765,397	1,691,930	4,765,397
Rental and other deposits	5,784,268	2,343,758	5,784,268	2,343,758
Accrual expenses	31,513,911	39,986,732	31,513,911	39,986,732
	54,906,940	62,800,246	54,889,604	62,786,082

Payables to Ministry of National Development comprise primarily state revenue collections received on behalf of the Ministry. The amounts are unsecured and interest-free, and are repayable on demand.

#### 13 Provision for pension costs

	Group ar	nd NParks
	2011/2012	2010/2011
	\$	\$
At beginning of the year	6,267,380	6,800,000
Provision for the year	395,000	401,351
Payments during the year	(70,000)	(933,971)
At end of the year	6,592,380	6,267,380
Represented by:		
Current portion	504,654	70,000
Non-current portion	6,087,726	6,197,380
	6,592,380	6,267,380
	·	

Amounts recognised in income or expenditure in respect of the defined benefit plan are as follows:

	Group ar	nd NParks
	2011/2012	2010/2011 \$
Interest cost	91,000	87,000
Service cost	304,000	314,351
Total	395,000	401,351

Non-trade amounts due to Garden City Fund and subsidiary were unsecured and interest-free.

The provision has been estimated by management based on the valuation of the pension scheme performed by an independent firm of professional actuaries.

The principal assumptions used by the professional actuaries in determining the pension costs are as follows:

	2011/2012	2010/2011
Discount rate	1.3%	1.3%
Salary increase rate	3.0%	3.0%

Assumptions regarding future mortality are based on published statistics and mortality tables.

#### 14 Deferred revenue

	Group a	nd NParks
	2011/2012	2010/2011
	<b></b>	٦
Lease premium received in advance	1,715,278	1,798,611
Deferred rental income	1,680,000	1,847,271
Plan fees received in advance	352,000	_
	3,747,278	3,645,882
Represented by:		
Current portion	83,333	250,604
Non-current portion	3,663,945	3,395,278
	3,747,278	3,645,882

The lease premium received in advance represents the unamortised balances of lease premium received in advance from a tenant.

#### 15 Contribution to consolidated fund

With effect from 1 April 2003, NParks is required to make contribution to the Government Consolidated Fund in accordance with the Statutory Corporations (Contributions to Consolidated Fund) Act, Chapter 319A. The provision is based on the guidelines specified by the Ministry of Finance. It is computed based on the net surplus of the Group for each of the financial year at the prevailing corporate tax rate for the Year of Assessment. Contribution to consolidated fund is provided for on an accrual basis.

#### 16 Deferred capital grants

	Group and NParks		
	2011/2012 \$	2010/2011 \$	
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	139,406,207	147,154,072	
Amounts transferred from Government grants (Note 11)	4,220,032	3,236,542	
Amounts transferred from Garden City Fund (Note 20)	200,000		
	143,826,239	150,390,614	
Less: Amortisation of Deferred Capital Grants	(11,258,955)	(10,984,407)	
Balance at the end of the financial year	132,567,284	139,406,207	
Total capital grants received (excluding grants-in-kind transferred			
from Garden City Fund) and utilised since establishment	214,398,091	210,178,059	

#### 17 Capital account

Capital account represents the value of assets net of liabilities (excluding the leasehold land acquired via Government capital grants) transferred from the former Parks and Recreation Department ("PRD") of MND when NParks was established in June 1990 and when PRD merged with NParks in July 1996.

#### 18 Share capital

	2011/2012	2010/2011	2011/2012	2010/2011
	Number	of shares	\$	\$
Issued and fully paid up:				
At beginning and end of year	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000

Injection of capital is part of the Capital Management Framework for Statutory Boards under Finance Circular Minute M26/2008. The shares have been fully paid and are held by the Minister for Finance, a body corporate incorporated by the Minister for Finance (Incorporation) Act (Chapter 183). The holder of these shares, which has no par value, is entitled to receive dividends.

#### 19 Sinking fund

The sinking fund is designated to fund the replacement and capital improvement of property, plant and equipment.

#### 20 Net assets of Garden City Fund

NParks established the Garden City Fund ("GCF") on 1 July 2002 to enhance the enjoyment of the garden city in areas where there is no government funding. The Garden City Fund is managed, administered and controlled by the Garden City Fund Management Committee (the Committee), although NParks has the authority to remove any members from the Committee, and provide directions and guidelines on the conduct of meetings and other matters relating to the proceedings of the Committee.

The Garden City Fund comprises the Garden City Endowment Fund (GCEF) and the Garden City Non-Endowment Fund (GCNEF). The GCNEF comprises all moneys transferred from the specific funds of NParks upon the formation of the Garden City Fund on 1 July 2002 and all other contributions to the GCNEF.

The GCNEF and the income from the GCEF will be used to further the objectives of the Garden City Fund.

Upon dissolution of the Garden City Fund, the remaining moneys in the fund shall be donated to charitable organisations which have been designated as Institutions of a Public Character under the Income Tax Act (Chapter 134) and registered under the Charities Act (Chapter 37).

The following financial information represents GCNEF. There has been no contribution to the GCEF since establishment.

	Group ar	nd NParks
	2011/2012	2010/2011
	\$	\$
		(Restated)
Donations received	7,722,227	4,619,975
Sales of publications/souvenirs	108,923	98,978
Exchange gain	1,279	_
Interest income	16,152	13,951
	7,848,581	4,732,904
Printing and stationery	66,065	245,916
Maintenance	55,754	219,391
Horticultural works	102,444	83,942
Publicity and outreach activities	362,853	650,747
Professional fees	108,195	179,957
Depreciation of plant and equipment	195,336	152,146
Impairment loss	229,167	_
Rental expenses	5,562	47,412
Training and courses	100	2,975
Enhancements of parks/facilities	1,100,909	259,365
Signboards	_	16,104
Library operating expenses	42,563	61,737
Exchange loss	_	5,410
Others	62,168	28,075
	2,331,116	1,953,177
Surplus for the year	5,517,465	2,779,727

	2011/2012 \$	Group and NParks 2010/2011 \$ (Restated)	1 April 2010 \$ (Restated)
Surplus for the year	5,517,465	2,779,727	4,994,855
Accumulated fund at beginning of the year	10,999,013	8,219,286	3,224,431
Accumulated fund at end of the year	16,516,478	10,999,013	8,219,286
Represented by:			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	15,463,763	11,326,277	7,249,074
Trade receivables	5,663	3,517	5,562
Other receivables (a)	37,885	36,027	5,058
	15,507,311	11,365,821	7,259,694
Non-current asset			
Plant and equipment	1,259,573	1,647,685	1,270,622
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	30,362	12,034	57,793
Other payables	220,044	2,459	253,237
Deferred donation income	_	2,000,000	_
	250,406	2,014,493	311,030
Net assets	16,516,478	10,999,013	8,219,286

The following adjustments were made to the prior year financial statements of GCF:

	2010/2011		1 April 2010			
	Balance as previously reported \$	Prior year adjustments \$	Balance as restated \$	Balance as previously reported \$	Prior year adjustments \$	Balance as restated \$
Statement of financial position						
Other receivables and deposits (b)	14,722	21,305	36,027	2,986	2,072	5,058
Plant and equipment (a)	87,121	1,560,564	1,647,685	80,438	1,190,184	1,270,622
Accumulated fund (a,b)	9,417,144	1,581,869	10,999,013	7,027,030	1,192,256	8,219,286
Statements of comprehensive income:						
Donations (non-tax deductible) (a)	42,731	519,476	562,207	_	_	_
Sales of publications/souvenirs						
/merchandise (b)	66,923	32,055	98,978	-	_	_
Publicity and outreach activities (b)	638,747	12,000	650,747	-	_	_
Depreciation of plant and equipment [a]	17,927	134,219	152,146	_	_	_
Others (a, b)	12,376	15,699	28,075	_	_	_

#### Notes

- (a) Donation in kind consisting of services and plant and equipment received by GCF were omitted in the financial statements of GCF in the previous financial years. The impact of this adjustment to donation, depreciation of plant and equipment, other expenses and plant and equipment have been adjusted as above.
- (b) An amount of \$32,055 being the revenue from the sale of publications collected on behalf of GCF by NParks were omitted in the financial statements of GCF in the previous financial years. The related effects on expenses of \$12,822 and amounts due from NParks of \$21,305 have been adjusted as above.

#### 21 Net assets of National Productivity Fund

NParks also administers the following fund on behalf of the Productivity Fund Administration Board from 1 April 2011.

	Group and NParks	
	2011/2012	2010/2011
	\$	\$
Balance as at beginning of the year	_	-
Add: Grants received	965,000	_
	,	
Less: Disbursements	(402,498)	_
Staff related cost	(108,671)	_
Consultancy/Professional fees	(261,208)	_
General administration	(32,619)	_
Balance as at end of the year	562,502	_
	<u>'</u>	
Net assets represented by:		
Cash and bank balances	562,502	_

#### 22 Miscellaneous income

	Group		NParks	
	2011/2012	2010/2011	2011/2012	2010/2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Liquidated damages	368,165	209,274	368,165	209,274
Course fees	1,754,479	1,945,205	1,754,479	1,945,205
Barbeque permit fees	459,028	470,082	459,028	470,082
Park usage fees	541,756	521,595	541,756	521,595
Consultancy fees	194,066	182,015	_	65,200
Tour fees	113,919	115,673	113,919	115,673
Events income	742,089	892,771	742,089	892,771
Merchandise	793,895	796,580	793,895	796,580
Publication and plant sales	205,660	195,308	205,660	195,308
Others	1,046,253	546,051	1,046,253	546,051
	6,219,310	5,874,554	6,025,244	5,757,739

#### 23 Staff costs

	Group and NParks	
	2011/2012	2010/2011
	\$	
Wages and salaries	59,307,125	60,473,776
Contributions to defined contribution plans	7,388,424	6,881,829
Pension costs	395,000	401,351
Other staff benefits	1,079,905	979,021
	68,170,454	68,735,977

There are currently 10 (2010/2011:10) employees of NParks who are under pension schemes other than the Central Provident Fund. The pension amount to be paid to each employee upon retirement under this scheme is dependent on, among other factors, the number of years of service and the last drawn salary. The pension costs are shared between NParks and the Accountant-General's Department in accordance with the Fourth Schedule of the Act.

#### 24 Deficit from operations

The following items have been included in arriving at deficit from operations:

	Group a	Group and NParks	
	2011/2012	2010/2011	
	\$	\$	
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(155,357)	66,058	

#### 25 Dividends

During the financial year ended 31 March 2012, NParks declared total dividends of \$1,822,000 on the ordinary shares issued to the Minister for Finance in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2011. The dividend was paid on 14 February 2012.

#### 26 Operating leases arrangements

As lessee

	Group and NParks	
	2011/2012	2010/2011
	\$	\$
Minimum lease payments under operating lease included as an expense	1,239,530	1,250,899

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities as at 31 March 2012 are as follows:

	Group and NParks	
	2011/2012 S	2010/2011 \$
\A/\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\dagger\alpha\d	1 470 200	1 220 520
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	1,479,358 3,773,463	1,239,530 4,529,210
After five years	_	263,181
	5,252,821	6,031,921

The Group entered into operating leases mainly for usage of the Alliance for Corporate Excellence (ACE) system from Ministry of Finance and premises for nurseries. The leases have an average period of 3 to 7 years.

#### As lessor

The Group rent out its properties under operating leases. Rental income earned during the year was 6,551,680 (2010/2011: 6,264,380).

The future aggregate minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as at 31 March 2012 are as follows:

	Group an	Group and NParks	
	2011/2012	2010/2011 \$	
Within one year	5,094,671	4,944,910	
In the second to fifth years inclusive	13,335,189	14,118,864	
After five years	44,880,000	47,760,000	
	63,309,860	66,823,774	

The above amounts exclude operating lease premium received in advance of \$1,715,278 (2010: \$1,798,611) (refer to Note 14 to the financial statements).

#### 27 Capital commitments

	Group and NParks	
	2011/2012	2010/2011
	\$	\$
Contracted but not provided for	350,649,720	445,663,295
Less: Direct development expenditure to be reimbursed by MND		
other government agencies	(350,034,927)	(445,513,418)
	614,793	149,877
Authorised but not contracted for	384,350,214	488,905,424
Less: Direct development expenditure to be reimbursed by MND		
other government agencies	(373,060,039)	(476,882,137)
Less: Direct development expenditure to be funded		
through NParks's accumulated surplus	(10,000,000)	(10,000,000)
	1,290,175	2,023,287
	1,904,968	2,173,164

NParks is the agent to develop, upgrade, manage and maintain the public parks on behalf of the government. Amount contracted but not provided for comprise mainly work relating to Gardens by the Bay and amount authorised but not contracted for comprise mainly work relating to parks development and park connector network.

#### 28 Contingent liabilities

At the reporting date, there were the following contingent liabilities relating to various claims that have been made against the Group and NParks in respect of third parties damages. These claims have been referred to the insurers for their assessments.

	Group an	nd NParks
	2011/2012	2010/2011 \$
Claims not provided for	1,309,378	1,203,587

#### 29 Subsequent events

Management has assessed and is of the view that there is no material impact on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012 arising from the procurement of foldable bicycles which is under-going Corrupt Practices Investigation Bureau investigations as at the date of this report.