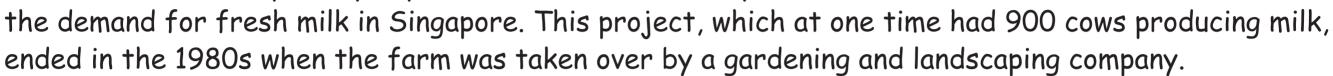
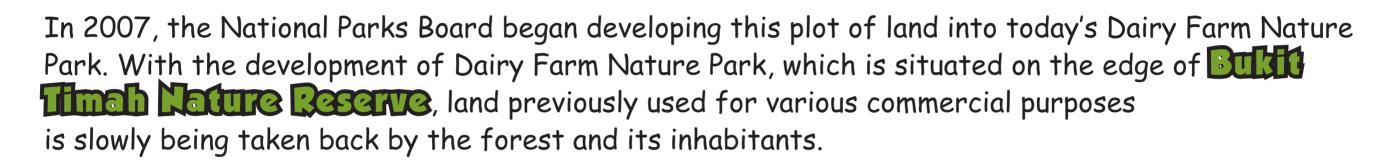




In the 1800s, many forests in Singapore, including the one at the site of Patry Farm Nature Park, were cleared for gambier and pepper plantations.

In 1929, the same site was used for pig farming before being converted into a community form three years later. Friesian cows from Holland and Australia were specially imported to establish a dairy herd to meet





The Bukit Timah Nature Reserve contains Singapore's last remaining and largest patch of primary rainforest and the Dairy Farm Nature Park acts as a buffer to this incredibly fragile patch of our natural heritage.

# Flora and fauna at the Dairy Farm Nature Pa

#### Peacock Fern

Spike Mosses Selaginella species are generally known as Peacock Ferns. They seem to shimmer in the sun, appearing blue and green, just like peacock feathers! You can see five endangered species of Spike Mosses in Bukit Timah Nature Reserve.



Photo: Vicky Lim

Photo: Robert Teo



#### **Crimson Sunbird**

The male Crimson Sunbird has crimson breasts and maroon backs. The females are clad in a drab olive-green back.

They hover like hummingbirds to take nectar but usually perch to feed.

### Clouded Monitor Lizard

The Clouded Monitor Lizard is smaller than its cousin, the Water Monitor Lizard. It usually dwells on the ground but climbs trees.



## Longhorn Beetles

Longhorn Beetles are characterised by extremely long antennae, which are often as long as or even longer than the beetle's body.

The larvae of the Longhorn Beetle bore into wood for food. There are about 130 species of Longhorn Beetles at Dairy Farm Nature Park.



