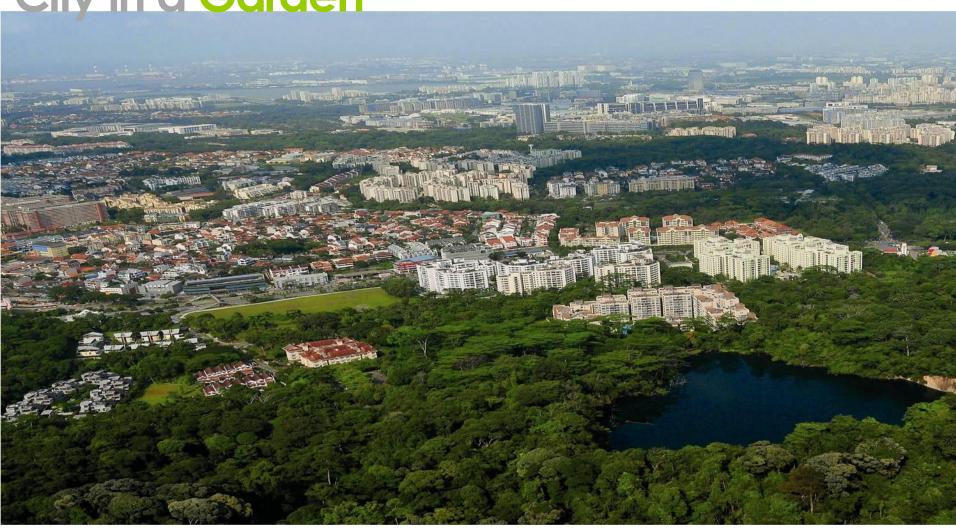
# Singapore

City in a Garden





# History



### Vision

Given by Founding Prime Minister Mr Lee Kuan Yew



#### Vision

- Greening of the city amidst rapid urbanisation
- Motivations behind the vision:
  - To provide Singaporeans with the best possible living environment in the face of increasing urbanisation
  - To give visitors a good impression of the country and persuade potential investors of the commitment, discipline and efficiency of the government
  - To improve the morale of the citizens and allow them to take pride in their environment







"Even in the sixties, when the Government had to grapple with grave problems of unemployment, lack of housing and education, I pushed for the planting of trees and shrubs. I have always believed that a blighted urban jungle of concrete destroys the human spirit. We need the greenery of nature to lift up our spirits. So in 1967, I launched the Garden City programme to green up the whole island and try to make it into a garden."

- Mr Lee Kuan Yew, 20 Oct 1996











#### Nature Ways



From Garden City to City in a Garden



Pervasive greenery
Rich biodiversity
Community ownership

## City in a Garden Vision



# **Establish** world-class gardens

- Singapore Botanic Gardens
  - Centre for heritage and botanical excellence
  - Singapore's First UNESCO
     World Heritage Site
     Nomination
- Gardens by the Bay
  - International horticulture attraction
- Jurong Lake Gardens
  - Singapore's first iconic gardens in the heartlands



#### Rejuvenate

urban parks and enliven our streetscape

- Enhance experience across all parks
- Destination Parks
  - East Coast Park
  - Admiralty Park
  - Jurong Lake Garden West (part of Jurong Lake Gardens
- Streetscape Gardens

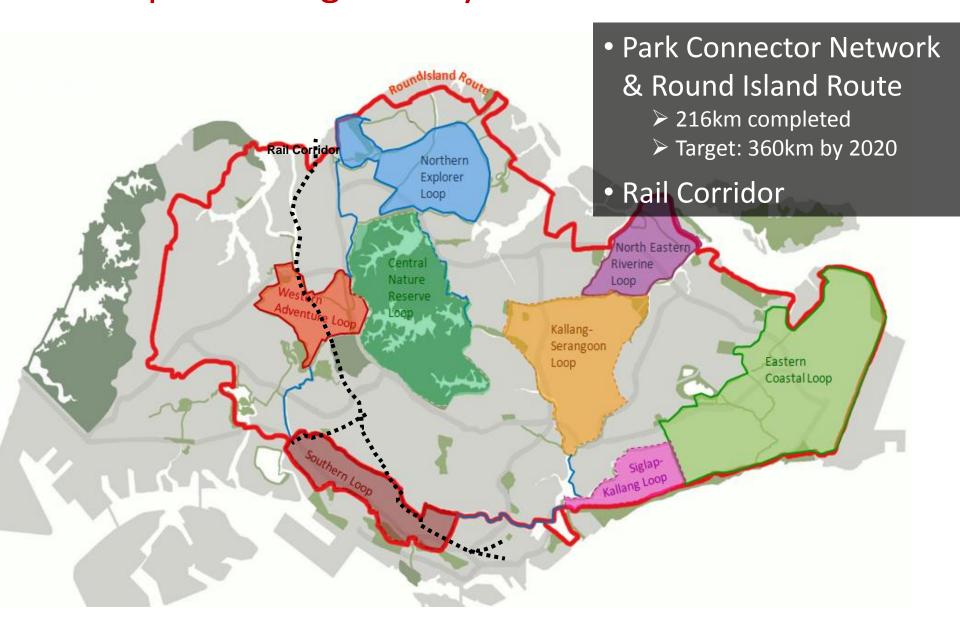






#### **Optimise**

urban spaces for greenery and recreation



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urban spaces for greenery and recreation



#### **Enrich**

biodiversity in our urban environment



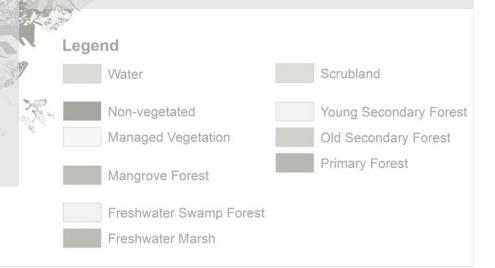
#### **Our Rich Biodiversity**

What we have • 2145 native vascular plant species 94 mammal species • 364 bird species • 98 reptile species 29 amphibian species 66 freshwater fish species **301** butterfly species 131 dragonfly species • more than 400 spider species • 35 true mangrove tree species 20 km

- 12 seagrass species
- 255 hard coral species
- 50 sea anemone species

# From Conservation Marine Biodiversity Survey

- 200 new records
- 100 species new to science



#### **Enhance**

competencies of our landscape and horticulture industry



**Engage** and inspire communities to co-create a greener Singapore



#### **CHALLENGES AHEAD**

- Balancing Singaporeans' rising lifestyle aspirations and the need to remain economically competitive, with limited land space
- Balancing urban development, the conservation of natural habitats, and the enhancement, rehabilitation and restoration of biodiversity
- Encouraging community to take greater ownership of greenery and biodiversity conservation and managing their role in conserving the environment in Singapore

#### **Get involved**

- Take part in our programmes and initiatives
- Go on a guided walk at our parks, gardens and nature reserves
- Sign up to be an NParks volunteer

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# City in a Garden