Comparison of Similar Looking Plants

Memecylon edule, Memecylon garcinoides and Memecylon ovatum



Scientific name: Memecylon edule

Common Name: Delek Ayer

Family name: Melastomataceae

Origin: From Sri Lanka to Malesia

Conservation status in SG: Endangered



Scientific name: *Memecylon garcinoides*

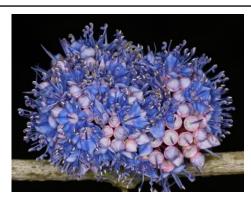
Common Name: -

Family name: Melastomataceae

Origin: Malesia

Conservation status in SG:

Critically Endangered



Scientific name: Memecylon ovatum

Common Name: Delek Ayer

Family name: Melastomataceae

Origin: Tropical Asia

Conservation status in SG: Endangered



Character comparison

	Foliage	
M. edule	 Petiole is 0.2 – 0.5 cm long. Leaf is elliptic lanceolate shaped (4 – 7.5 cm long and 2 – 3.5 cm wide). Leaf base tapers slightly towards petiole. Leaf tip is blunt or shortly pointed. 	© Cerlin Ng
M. garcinoides	 Petiole is 0.2 – 0.5 cm long. Leaf is elliptic or elliptic lanceolate (5.5 – 13 cm long and 2.7 – 5.8 cm wide). Leaf base tapers slightly towards petiole. Leaf tip is pointed and can be up to 0.6 – 1.2 cm long. Often greenish or mottled on the underside of leaves when young. Often slightly wrinkled due to the shrinkage of the surrounding lamina when dry. 	
M. ovatum	 Petiole is 0.8 – 1.7 cm long. Leaf is broadly ovate to ovate shaped (6 –10 cm long and 2.5 – 7 cm wide). Leaf base is truncate to obtuse. Leaf tip is blunt or shortly pointed. 	© Cerlin Ng

Character comparison

	Flowers	
M. edule	 Inflorescence occurs just behind leaves. Each cluster is 1.5 – 2.5 cm long and comprises of about 50 flowers There are 1 – 2 main stalks which are about 0.5 – 1.0 cm long. Calyx is greenish or yellowish Petals are white-pink. Anthers are liliac-coloured, C-shaped with a distinct gland. 	© Cerlin Ng
M. garcinoides	 Inflorescence occurs on leafy branches or just behind leaves. Each cluster is 1 cm long and comprises of 20 – 30 flowers. There are 1 – 3 main stalks which are about 0.2 – 1 cm long. Calyx is whitish and reveals eight pale dots after petals and anthers has fallen. Petals are white-blue. Anthers are deep blue colour, almost round with a distinct gland on the tip. 	
M. ovatum	 Inflorescence occurs on older branches just behind the leaves. Each cluster is 1.5 – 3.5 cm long and comprises of 30 – 50 flowers. Main stalk is distinct and about 1 – 1.5 cm long. Calyx is whitish or pale pink. Petals are deep purple-blue. Anthers are deep blue colour, C-shape, with a centrally placed gland. 	© Cerlin Ng

Character comparison

	Fruits	
M. edule	 Stalk is 0.1 – 0.2 cm long. Fruit turns from green to yellow then black or purple, never red. Fruit is round, often slightly flattened at the ends (about 0.7 diameter). Tip of the fruit (calyx remnant) is slightly raised, about 0.1 – 0.2 cm wide. 	© Cerlin Ng
M. garcinoides	 Stalk is 0.2 – 0.3 cm long. Fruit turns from green to pink to purple. Fruit is round about 8 mm diameter. Tip of the fruit (calyx remnant) is slightly raised, about 0.1 – 0.15 mm wide. 	
M. ovatum	 Stalk is 0.2 – 0.3 cm long. Fruit turns red before black. Fruit is round about 7 – 8 mm diameter, ripening through pinkish green through red to deep purple-black. Tip of the fruit (calyx remnant) is slightly raised, about 1.5 mm diameter. 	© Cerlin Ng



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