The date 1878 given for our own Gardens at Singapore is the date the management was taken over by the Government. The original part of the present Gardens, the Bandstand Hill, was laid out under the Singapore Agri-Horticultural Society in 1862, the site having been acquired in 1859 when the Society was formed.

Previous to this a Botanic Garden had existed near Fort Canning, having been founded by Sir Stamford Raffles in 1822, but

was abandoned in 1829.

e y e l.

n y of

n )-

n

d

ce 6.

W

d

es

n

re

T. F. C.

## Chrysil Rubber.

To the rubber-producing country of Malay the article appearing in the India Rubber World of January 1st, 1920 under such title as "Three Hundred Million Pounds of Chrysil Rubber" may well draw attention. An ecological survey of the flora of Western North America provided 25 species of plants containing latex. In four of these the percentage of rubber was high enough warrant the hope that the species may serve for the production of rubber on a commercial scale. Twenty five pounds of the product of Chrysothamnus nauseosus, termed Chrysil rubber, submitted for examination was stated to be "high grade and average quality, not as good as the best fine Para, but a great deal better than most Africans or low grade rubbers." The best samples carried only three per cent of rubber and most of them ran less than two per The article continues, "It should be noted by the way that the Chrysothamnus is not a latex producing plant. The rubber is found in the individual cells of the shrub, as in guayule. Like quavule also it is found principally in the parenchymatous elements of the cortex. It may also be noted that rubber does not appear to be laid down during the first year of growth of a tissue, and, indeed, unless present in large amount, is not readily detected by the histological method in portions of the plant less than three or four years old.

"Shrubs of interest as possible rubber producers are usually of good size, measuring three to eight feet high and about as broad. The rubber is present for the most part in the inner bark of the stems, and those portions in average mature plants will weigh from five to fifteen pounds. An exceptionally large plant found near Lone Pine, California, weighed 60 pounds exclusive of the twigs, and shrubs weighing 20 to 40 pounds are not rare. This is partly because the plants reach the maximum size only under favorable conditions and partly because they are frequently burned or cut off near the base after which new stems shoot up only to be again destroyed before reaching maturity.

"Another shrub that is treated at length is the *Haplopappus*, which contains considerably more rubber than the *Chrysothamnus*, from 6 to 10 per cent. The product is, however, soft and resinous."

An extract is given showing that it is computed bushes that exist to give a yield of three million pounds of rubber.